

一九八九级研究生论文目录

1.	“ ”()	
2.		
3.		
4.	1984 1990	
5.		
6.	1045	574
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		
11.		
12.	70	---
13.		
14.	14 (AI DS)	(KABP)
15.		
16.		
17.		
18.		
19.		
20.	CMI	
21.		
22.		

一、一九八九级

甘肃省基层医疗卫生单位执行“传染病防治法《规定管理的传染病诊断标准》”(试行)实施能力的调查分析

“ () 1990
8

() ()
()

() ()

1990

() 1991 3 5 () 50
416 () 36
33

1. ()

4.89 () 76.25 () () 78.75

2 () () ()

() 68

3 () 18

() () 40%

() 6 10

4 (

R=0.417 a=0.100 P=0.000 =1.171)

5 28 8.8 ()

18 18.20 () 10 4.6

6 () 20 29

7 43.75 53

47.32 (X²=24.9634 P=0.000)

7.

4 10

()

(2)

(3)

1.88

(4.44)

156(38.6)

22(5.4)

(4)

: ADL | ADL

ADL

(12.8) | ADL

(43.1)

(54.1)

:

:

(1)

(2)

:

()

(3) LI SREL

:

1

LI SREL

(2)

:

LI SREL

(3)

陶庄煤矿尘肺病所致经济损失

及防尘投入成本效益分析

		336	354	1990
		(1952 1958)	(1962 1989)	120
1.				
	12	7		11.5
	1722		819	
		29397		
		3.19	5.96	
1990	54.3		27912	16241
	262		76694	
2.				
3.				
	29		255	64
	13	2	275	60
	262	58		

(5 3) 3 (7 4) 3 (16 13) 2
 20.6 4.3 29.1 15.4 8 (64 56)
 :
 4
 1962 1990 1990 5
 322 024 0.12
 38.3
 5
 2009.38 1990 87.4
 83.9 770.2 1239.18
 1: 6.24 6.24
 1687.36

唐河县疾病监测点农村居民 1984—1990 年死亡状况分析研究

()

1984 1990

1990

1990

13.4

31.8

1984 1990 " " 1984 724.4
 10 1990 758.8 10
 1989

" 50 50 "
 " 1 4 5 14 0

" " " " 1990 48.2
 2.2:1 1989 0.2:1

1990 0.2837
 0.2139 0.2969 0.2357

1983 3.1 2.1

81.8 67.6
 40.9 57.1

0.4
 66.0 52.2 1984
 2:1 2.4:1 1990 0.7:1 0.9:1

:(

)

604.7 10

84.0

67.7 5 14 62.5 52.6%
 15 24 :
 70.3 88.8
 50 100 25 44

(Years of Potential Life Lost)

1984 YPLL 73.6% 1990 YPLL 65.3% 1990 YPLL 1984
 11.3 4.7 YPLL
 " " (1 64 " ")
 YPLL 44.8
 YPLL 12.5 (

CCPD) " " YPLL 10.3

YPLL 29.3‰ 1990 44.8 YPLL 102.7 10 13.5

" 1990 YPLL

" " 1990 YPLL

" " 1984

YPLL 1990 YPLL 4.9 3.0%

" "

1984 77.6 10 60.1 10 1990

105.8 10 99.4 10

1 4 15 24 (100) 25 34 (88.9) 65

(50) (40)

55 64 240.3 10 15 34

55 74

41.8 (21.8)

25.9 16.7 66.7 70.8

15

YPLL " "

" "

" "

甘肃省卫生防疫专门人才的现状和流动因素的研究

" "

1991 3-5

1990

() () 34

1981-1990

AST- 286

1.

1990

86058

54. 6

8. 26: 1: 0. 37

2 1990

4687

93. 51

6. 49

1. 61

1990

1. 03

1: 13278

1: 4810

3.

3163

71. 8

44. 3

23. 9

19. 3

61. 6

18. 8

9. 9 9. 6

9. 6

69. 4

1. 76: 1

25- 39

55. 0

40- 49

18. 7

75- 79 85- 89

4.

" "

90

80

19

74. 0

61. 1

59. 6

1980

33. 2

5.

1.

57. 9

72. 7

2

5- 10

3.

4.

5. 86- 90

6.

()

6.

应用一般健康问卷筛查青年人群中的精神障碍及相关因素研究 ——574 名社区青年和 1045 名大学生比较分析

Goldbergs (GHQ-60)

574 1045

(GHQ-60)

GHQ-60 GHQ-60

:

1 1619 GHQ-60 47.83

49.14 46.75 48.21

(50.65) (45.73)

46.5 44 44 90 73-77

73 74 75.5

0.9

2 : GHQ-60 73 74 GHQ 187

11.55 10.05 (163)

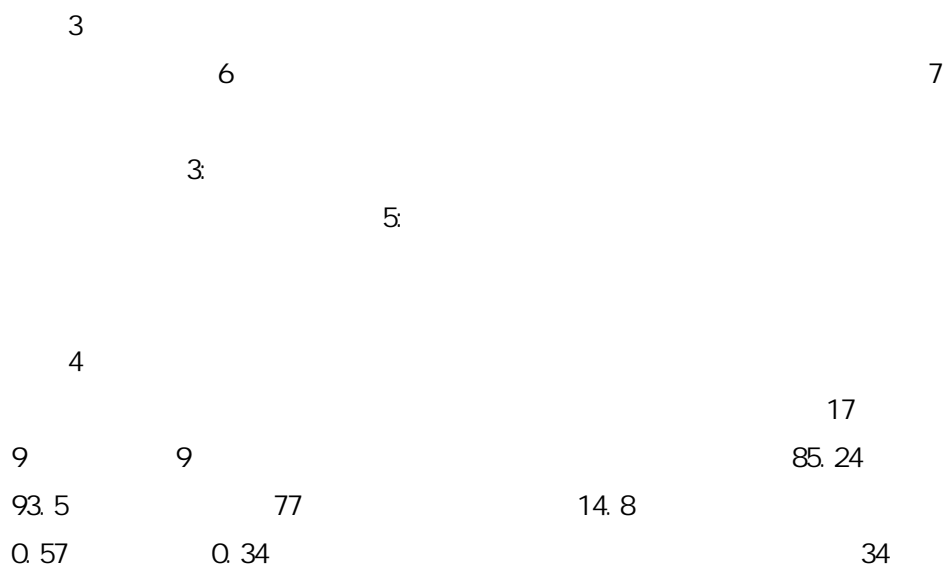
12.54 11.40

10.7 (13.65) (10.43)

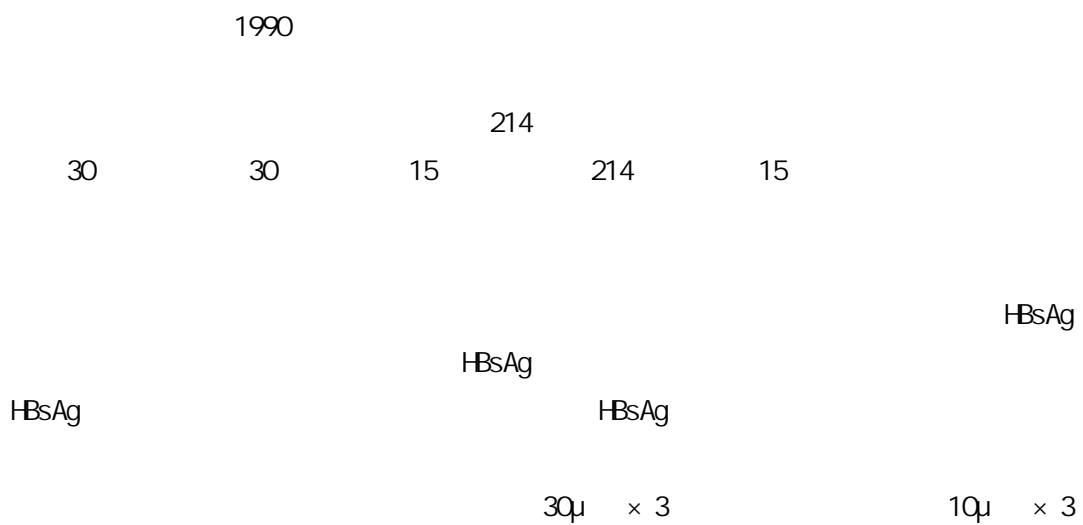
2 3.74 : 25-29 (15.6%) 30

-35 (14.37) 15-19 20-24 P 0.05

P 0.05



济南市新生儿乙型肝炎疫苗 免疫预防的成本—效益决策分析



:
 1. 2 30 95. 24
 1. 54 100
 2 : 894. 54 9026. 30
 7384. 12 4602 26
 22827. 45 85057. 44 18519 HBsAg
 10 15
 3265. 54 1763. 28 1873. 48
 1011. 65
 3. () BCR
 1 42. 41 48. 01 43. 64 BCR 24. 23 41. 26 23. 93
 BCR BCR HBsAg
 1. 13 7. 71 2 20
 39. 29 HBsAg 5 μ × 3
 BCR
 4.
 5.
 HBI G+
 6.

南通地区城乡四所中学学生自我保健意识及影响因素的探讨

1085
 509 (46.9) 515 (47.5) 570 (52.5) 518 (47.7)
) 567 (52.3) 769 (70.9) 316 (29.1%)
 12-20

" " (Knowledge) (Attitude) (Practice) (KAP)
 90 K A 1 0 1 0 P 1 0.75 0.5
 0.25 0 1 0
 100 99.4%
 5 () 94

1

	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
KAP	35.141	62.8	39.552	70.6
K	10.545	50.2	13.403	63.8
A	9.098	69.9	9.775	75.2
P	15.507	70.5	15.884	72.2

:
 KAP K P

A

2 19.5%
 33.0% 11.7 35.4 17.1
 37.3 46.0 81.9%
 17.7 61.4 16.8

56.3 () 19.3
47.5

3

北京市西城区社区老年人健康功能状况多维评价研究

21

) Ri di t 60—64 1. 31 (Ri di t
6. Ri di t 2 04

" "

1) 75 2) 3)
4)

Ri di t

" "

北京城区育龄妇女卫生服务研究 ——劲松医院保健地段育龄妇女 医疗保健服务需要、利用及影响因素探讨

" " 50 WHO 99 "

80

) () (()
) () 1991 3

	96	624	89.0	0.37
1.			(50.5)	
2		20.2	86	1.4
3		12.7		17.1
4.2	"	"	"	"
4.			53.0	(96.4%)
)	89.3		8.5	(99.2)
	91.1		(54.0)	29.2
	82.5		61.2	48.8
	8.6		2.98	89
5.	25.9	24		
6.		70.4		
	46.2			
			(68.6)	(67.3)
	20.5			

甘肃省农村乡镇卫生院资源与工作状况的研究

:
:

								1411
		25		75				
			26		74			
					20			20
			6					97.4
1.							62.5	
	79				11.7		18.4	
100								
2							13.5	10
	45		5			49	60.8	10
5		20.3						
							100	X
			42.3	69.2				100
3								
(1)								
(2)								
(3)								40.2
		6.5				56.3		2.3
4.								
(1)			3.9		0.8			
3.7		11			0.2			
(2)						84.6		28.4
		96.2				62.2		X
88.5			48.7					61.5%
	8.1							
(3)						25		95
(4)			44.6				28.8	
5								21.6
		11.5						
	76.96					78.6		
6								

() :

1.

2.

3.

4.

() ; ;

甘肃省 70 个县(市)卫生防疫站工作效益的分类评价

() () () ()
()

" " " " 1990

"

57 80

T. L. Satty (9 7 5 3 1) (

)

76

70 ()

80

70 75 93.33

80 ()

()

1.

70 ()

(6)

18 (0.6) 18

34 (

) (Kuder)

r=0.962

82 86

P 0.01

2 " (91) 02 "

8 ()

91 7 8(87.5)

3

(1) X1() 1.28 1.68

1.67 P 0.05 0.9 () 50 X2()

) 6.58 9.03 7.50 P 0.05 (7)

6 45.8

(2) X6() 3.61

4.06 4.00 P 0.05 1989 5.6 3.84 " "

" 3

4 8

X7() X8()

88

(3) X14() 70 () 50

40 71.4

4. ()

(1) X13() 50

64.71 50 89 50.49 Y4(())

65.83 12.50 5.0 6 10 P 0.000

(2) Y8()

400 10 21 70 30 1000 10

6 3880.56 10 1989 339.54 10 Y12()

) 41.7 M

" 2000 " " 1978 95

1991 3 5 DX V\$ 12

1. 352 59.9
 58.5 58.5 59.4 58.2 59.9

85

2 182 IgG
 95.0 79.3 1 567.8 96.7 88.3
 1 861.4 97.2 91.1 1

1028.7 IgG 81.9 67.0 1 671.9
 1990 55.1

3 (1) 66.7
 25.0 (2) 100.0%

65.5 35.7 21.2 (3)

(4)

69.0 33.3 8.3

1. 2.8
 0.6 3.7 1.7 0.3

2 PPS 420 1 12 ()
 30.2 () 72.4 15.8%

() 11.8

3 0.3024
 0.0953 0.0929 0.0643

0.3024 0.2643 0.2381 0.0643

1.

91.5

68.5

2.

160

57.5

61.9

78.8

Li kert

2.59

47.5

(1)

(2)

3.

()

0.4

69

23

()

4.

()

北京市某区 14 家宾馆服务员艾滋病 (AIDS) 知识、态度、信念、行为 (KABP) 调查报告

1991 4 1991 6 14
()

?

1. : 15-24 1-4
1: 1. 2

2 : 45
23.6(SD 4.9) 24 58.9

3

4 : 9.0 2.7

5. 74.7

6. 18.5

60.4

7. 79.8 3.1

8. 60

4 1.8 19.8

()

9. 15.6

10. 63.3 HV 35.3

HV

() HV

HV

HV

11.

:

44.4%

4.2

35.8%

:

20.4

, 11.6

66.3

26.0

68.3

: 57.6

甘肃省县级妇幼保健机构卫生资源及服务能力研究

“ — — ”

2/3

“ 2000 ”

“ ”

80

1989 19

1990 86 ()

22 31 33

30 () 30 ()

(“ ”) 8 11 11

5 (16.7) 100

:

(1)

() (“ ”) 27

(90) 20 (66.7)

(65.5) (7.6)

(26.0) 30 384

14.0 45 78.9

(2) (67.0)

26.9

(3)

(4)

(5)

(6)

陕西省城固县县、乡医疗机构中卫生人力现状 及其发展预测方法的比较研究

:

:

2000 " " ()
1991 3 1986 1990

1. 9 1 48 11 489 670 (1990)
1990 GDP 686 1990 4.9 4.96
1.28 1.54 1.03 0.28
1: 0.28: 0.18: 0.04

38.6 30 53.9%
32.8 30
(42.9) (4.0)
1: 2 4: 11. 1: 10. 8

50
(38.1)
2
1: 6. 3: 35. 9. 7. 2
1. 4 16. 5 60. 4 21. 6

10 2 63
3 167 25. 1 192 50
3. 1986 1990 338 5
44. 7 , 200 , 138 , 1: 0. 69 62
1. 59

62. 5 21. 5
69. 2 28. 8
29. 0
19. 6

1986 1990 4. 9
16. 7 16. 7 1. 3
4.

HFA 2000

5.

" "

6.

影响试点县实现初级卫生保健规划目标诸因素的研究 ——兼论划分达标县的评价方法

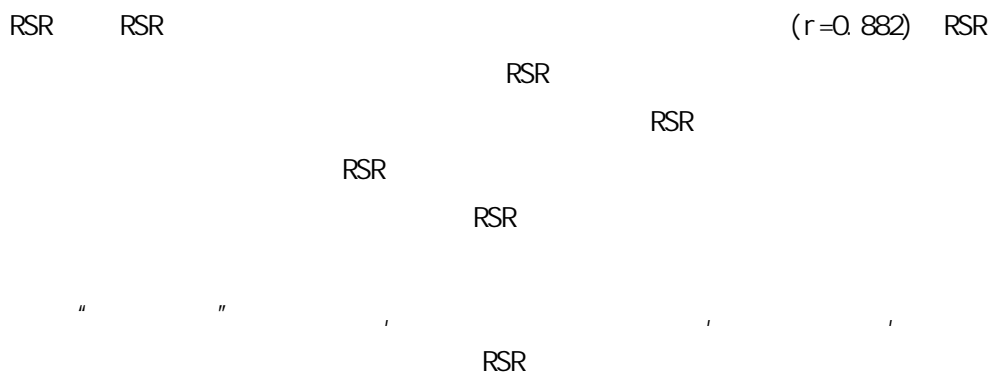
	1990	3 4	225		
30					6
24					
	1990				6 24
:					
1			(94.74)		(38.86)
(55.56)			(35.19)		(29.08%)
	(26.53)		(23.47)		" "
					(52.28%)
(7.42)					
2				(1.84)	(1.23)
				2	
			(94.34)		(59.06)
3					(6.40)
(5.00)			" 2000		" ()
		(8.00)			
(15.10)			(3.50)		
4					

RSR

" 2000

" ()

(RSR)



中国城市初级卫生保健评价指标的初步研究

:
:
:

1986 " 2000 " 1990
" "

: 0.063 60 48 80
 5 4 3 2 1 0.374 5 ()
 4.00 ; "
 " 68
 36
 25 29
 :
 1. 33 4 "
 "
 2. :
 3. :
 4. :
 0.885 0.735
 5. :

区域卫生防疫工作的评价研究

73 1989
 () () () ()

()	()	()	()
	0.870—1.00		0.005
	0.982—0.993		0.005

53

80

53

	0.5	1	5	10
(P 0.5)				1
()			()	()
		()		

(1)

(2)

- means

(3)

16

()	- means
31	26
()	(4)

() - means

19

46

5.419 9.527× I 2.763× S 3.167× M ()

3.405 5.860× I 3.262× M 2.773× E()

C M I 在专科医学生健康评价中的应用研究 及其影响因素的探讨

:

:

" "

CMI (Cornell Medical Index-health Questionnaire)

CMI

CMI

CMI

CMI

CMI

957

220

98.7

< 5

0.94

:

1.

:

957

49.4

18.2

50.6

17.5

51.6

23.3

61.3

60.4

30

2. CMI

(1) 957

CMI

(CMI 30)

(

CMI 35

40)

CMI

40 50

(2)

CMI

: (28.6)

(23.4)

(26.8) >

(23.9) >

(20.3) >

(19.2)

MR :

8.2 11.2

6.3

10.3

:

CMI

95%

CMI

(3) CMI

:

CMI

: 50

40

30

A L

M R

()

(nn)

(oo)

(rr)

(dd)

(gg)

0.35

0.35

3. CMI

: CMI

CMI

4. CMI CMI CMI CMI 13 125

5. CMI CMI CMI CMI

CMI CMI

老年人的健康与生活质量研究——宁波市离退休老年人多向健康评价及按有无再就业的分析比较

:
:

80

) 374 (69

()

:

91.2 81.3 0.99
Cohen Kw=0.87(P<0.001)

: 61.2 60%
86.3% 30.5% 58.3%

121—160 10.07m²

7.25 54.3% 42.8% 2.6:1
: 1/5 3/4

(96.6%) 16.6 10.7 , 81.6%
44.9

:

: (44.4)
(26.8) (21.3) (49.1)
(26.6)

(ADL)

: (R2=27.3)
(R2=15.4
) (R2=8.1)
()
(R2=20.7) ADL

(R2=14.6) (R2=8.3)
(R2=22.2)

:

()

嵊县农村婴儿死亡调查及其信息利用

1991 3-6 66 15 1990
52.11‰ 127/2437 1 18.24

%o	1.86			66.9%				1.5
2					15.7%	,	12.6%	11.0%
	6.3%		4.7%			26.8%		" "
	16.1%	5.0%	"	"		37.9%	2.5%	3
127			1				72.4%	85.8%
				4	55.1%			
	20%			71.3%				